Monday

October, 24th 2022

1pm-2pm EST

Via Zoom



SLELO PRISM



Department of Environmental Conservation



Agriculture and Markets

Elm Zigzag Sawfly is Here, Now What?

Presented by:

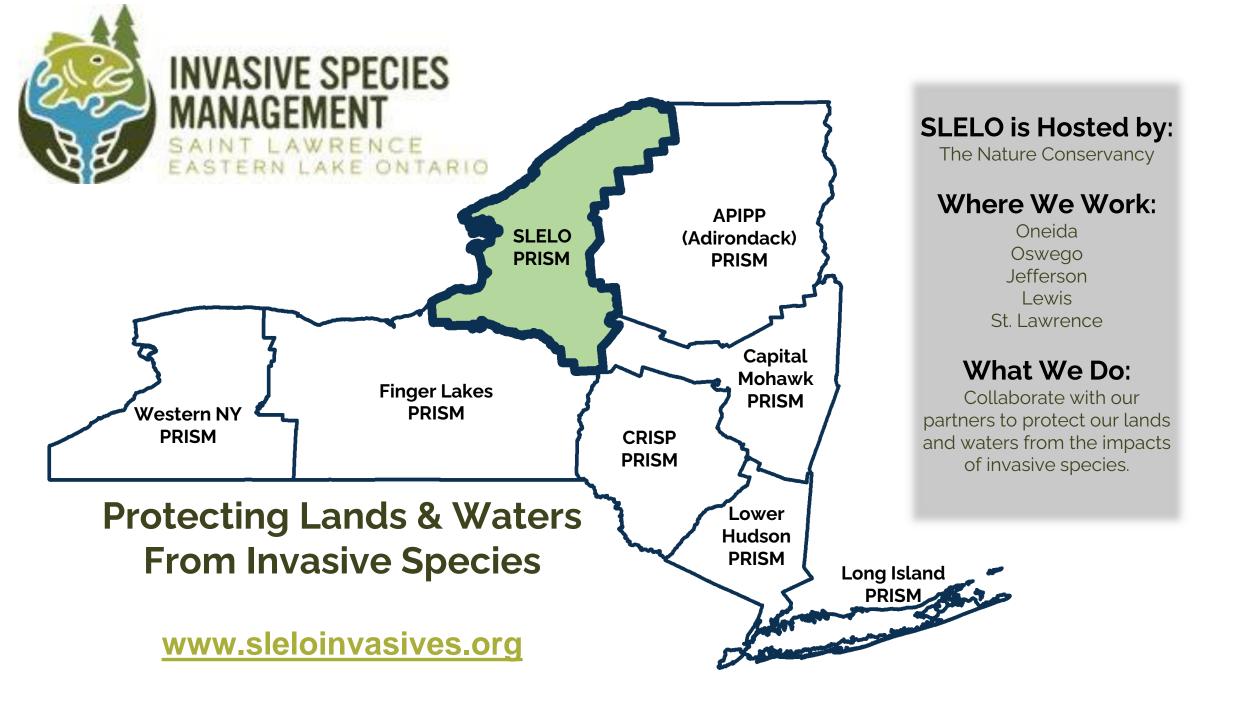
Thom Allgaier- NYS AGM

Jessica Cancelliere- NYS DEC

Megan Pistolese-Shaw-SLELO PRISM

Special Guest- Veronique Martel-Canadian Forest Service





Thom Allgaier Invasive Species Coordinator







Elm Zigzag Sawfly SLELO PRISM

October 24, 2022

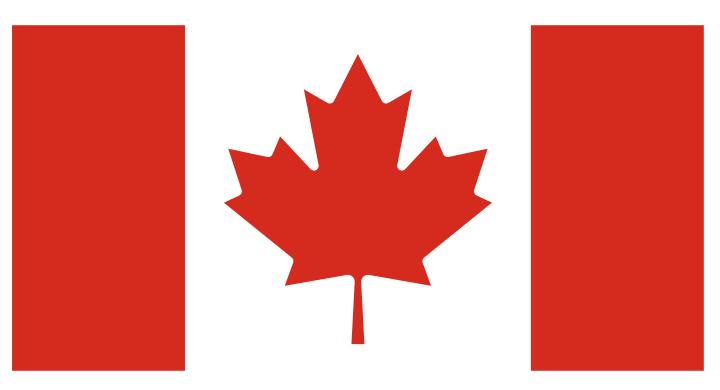




• Elm zigzag sawfly (Aproceros leucopoda) is an invasive pest native to parts of China and Japan

Photo: Gyorgy Csoka





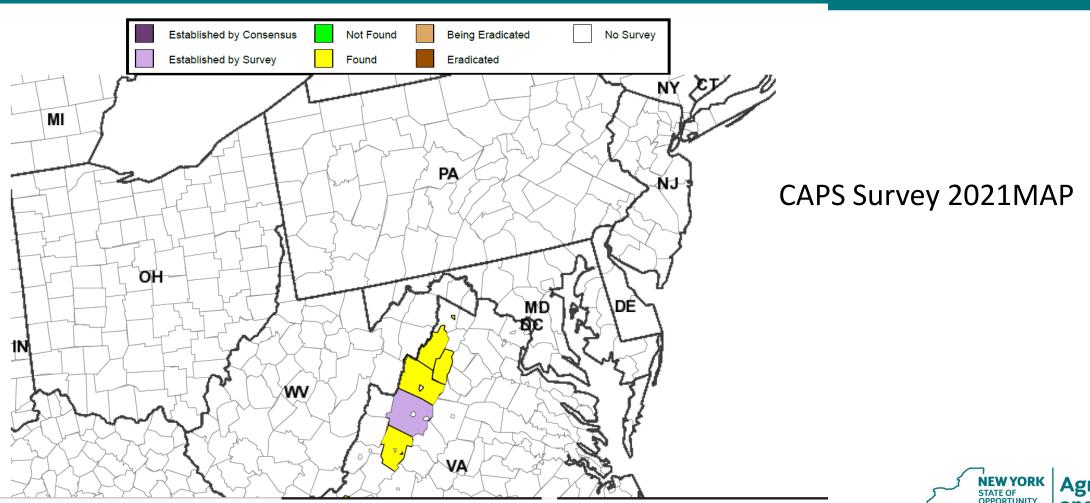
- Elm zigzag sawfly was first reported in North America July of 2020 in Sainte-Martine Quebec, Canada
- The pathway of introduction and the amount of time it has been in North America is unknown
- First reported by citizen scientists and then confirmed by the Canadian Food Inspection Agency (CFIA)





 First reported in the US by citizen scientists, then confirmed in Winston, VA 2021



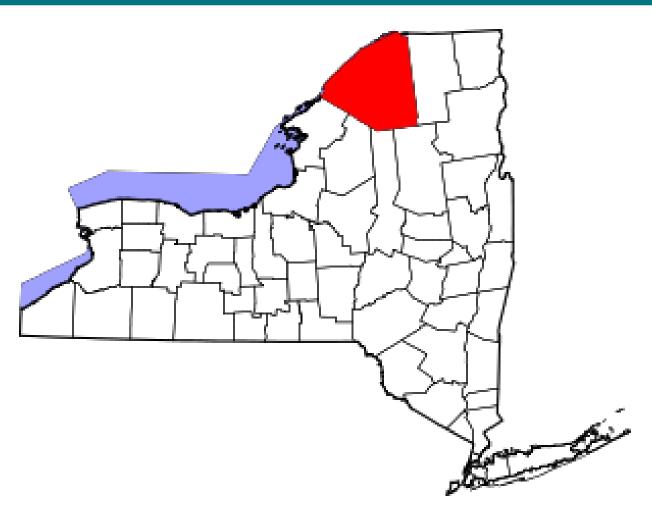






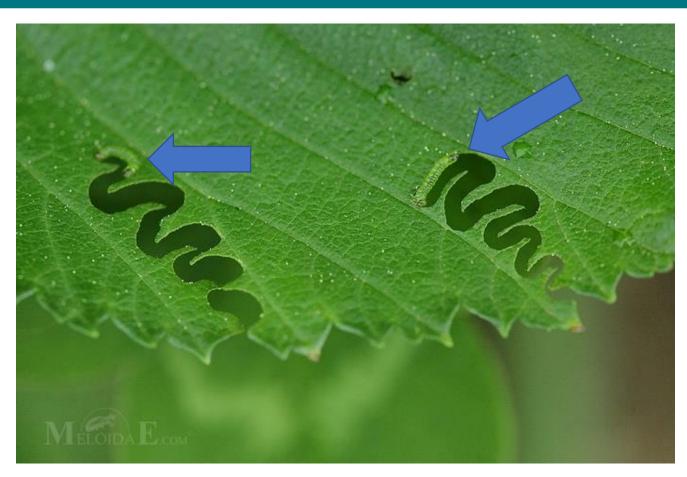
 Elm zigzag sawfly was first reported North Carolina in August 2022





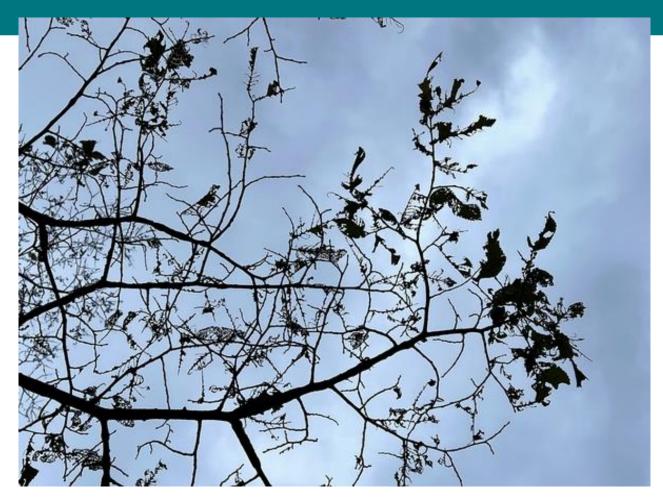
 Elm zigzag sawfly was first reported St. Lawrence Couty New York -September 2022 by NYS DEC





 Its common name comes from the characteristic zigzag pattern left by the larva during feeding





• Severe defoliation of elm trees (*Ulmus spp.*) is an issue for forest ecology, the economy and societal values







Photo: Eric Day

- Elm zigzag sawfly reproduces parthenogenetically –female reproduces asexually
- Up to four generations a year in Asia
 six generations in Europe
- Adult females live for 1 to 6 days and can lay eggs as soon as they emerge from their cocoon
- Females lay 7 49 eggs along the serrated margin of the elm leaf
- In 4 8 days, larva emerge and begin to feed on the leaf



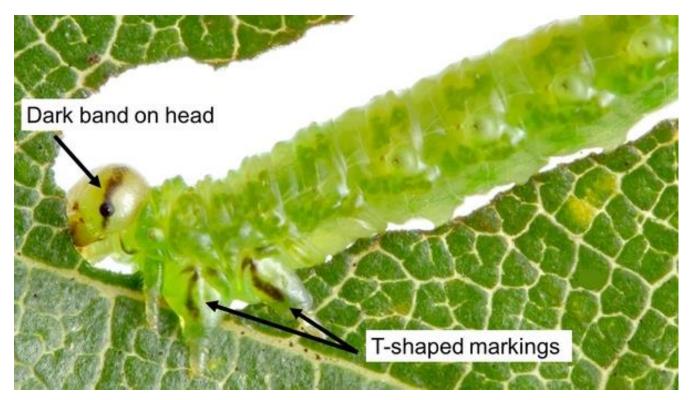


Photo: Matt Bertone

 Larvae go through six larval instars over 15 – 18 days

 This life stage is responsible for causing plant damage

They then enter pre-pupal stage



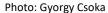
Once the cocoon has been spun and attached to a structure, pupation will occur over 2 – 3 days and adults emerge 4 – 7 days later







Scouting for this pest is ongoing







Cocoons not always found on trees

Check surrounding surfaces

Photo: Kelly Oten





Early Feeding



50 +% Defoliated

Photos: Kelly Oten



Completely Skelontinization





American Elm

Photos: Kelly Oten



Slippery Elm



Jessica Cancelliere Research Specialist

Veronique Martel Research Scientist in Entomology





Department of Environmental Conservation





Discovery and outreach in Canada









Observé:

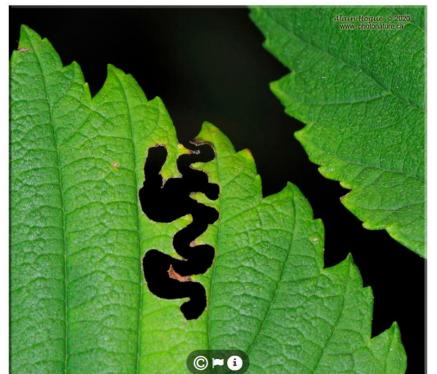
30 juil. 2020 · 20:41 EDT

Enregistré:

31 juil. 2020 · 12:52 EDT

Aproceros leucopoda • Niveau de recherche







The sawfly is zigzagging its way across elm leaves

A species is classified as "exotio" if it is found outside its natural distribution area Whether it is an insect, a plant, a fungus, or an animal, this exotio newcomer will be considered a pest if it disrupts the ecology of its new environment, threatens its ecosystem, or has an economic impact. The introduction of exotic species by sea, land, or air is often accidental. How then does the Canadian Forest Service (CFS) prepare for the accidental arrival of such pests as the elm zigzag sawfly?

The elm ziazag sawfly (Apropera leuoopada) is an insect whose larvae feed exclusively on elm leaves. Its natural distribution area is in East Asia, more precisely in is in East Asia, more precisely in Japan and certain regions of China, In 2003, this sawfly was reported in Hungary and Poland and has since spread to more than 15 European countries. The amival of this exotic pest in Europe

In North America, the elm signag of southern Glueber (Monthéal, south) was first reported in July Lanaudérel, with most sighting 2020 in Jointe-Montre, in the Monthérige region of Quebec. The Maturalist.ca website. urious photographer who posted a photo of a zigzag defoliation popularity pattern on an elm leaf on the



observe the insect in other regions







Forestry and insects

September 2020

By Véronique Martel, Ph.D. - research scientist in entomology, Natural Resources Canada, Laurentian Forestry Centre



Moteur de recherche

Publié le 27 juillet 2021



Radio-canada

Véronique Martel @MartelVronique3 · Sep 11, 2020

Triste nouvelle pour les ormes du Québec... Mon équipe travaille avec @InspectionCanFR et les citoyens sur @inaturalist à mieux déterminer sa répartition et sa biologie ici. À suivre et gardez l'œil ouvert!



Discovering the Elm Zigzag Sawfly in Canada

The elm zigzag sawfly, an exotic insect found in Asia and Europe that feeds on elm trees, has never been found in North America... that is until now. On this episode, we talk about how a photo by a nature photographer lead to the discovery of the insect on this side of the



#Sciencecitoyenne @cflscf @RNCan







stry and insects d more



tenthrède en zigzag de l'... Afficher la suite



Natural Resources Canada

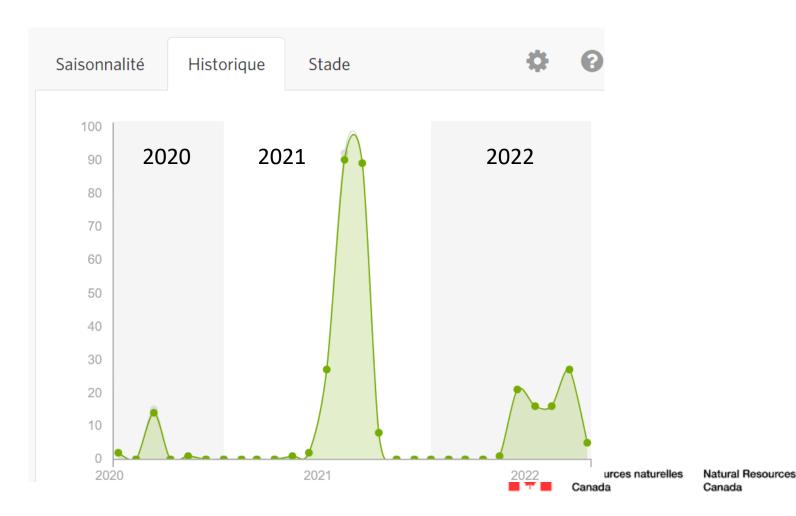




Discovery and outreach in Canada

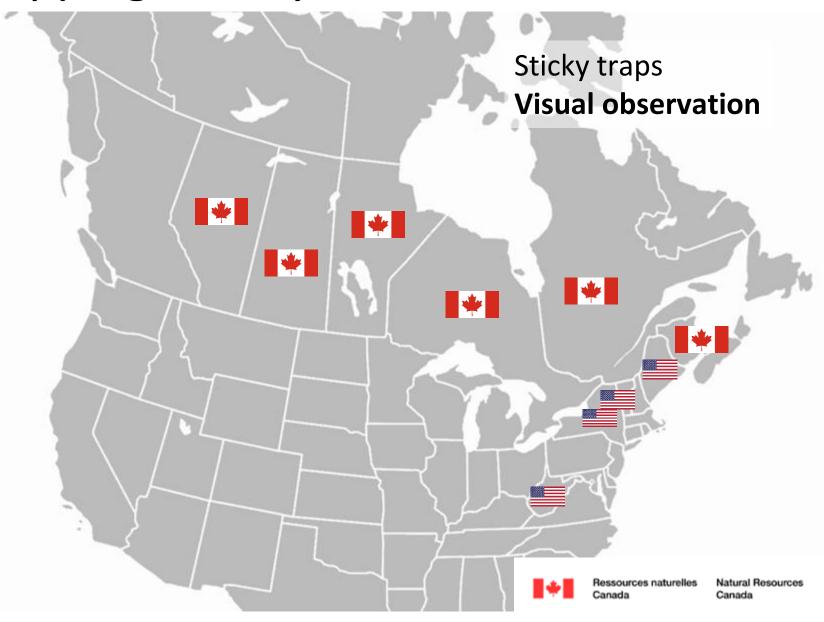


- media interviews
- social media posts





Trapping/survey network in 2021-2022





Presence detected in 2021-2022





Damage and defoliation observed

- Generally low levels of defoliation in Canada
- Other defoliators are more important on elm species
- Most elm species seem to be attacked
- Several predators/enemies observed





Discovery and outreach in Canada









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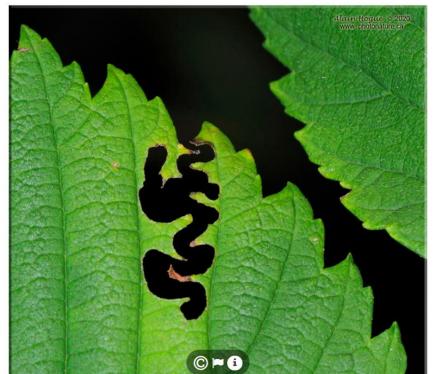
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Natural Resources Canada





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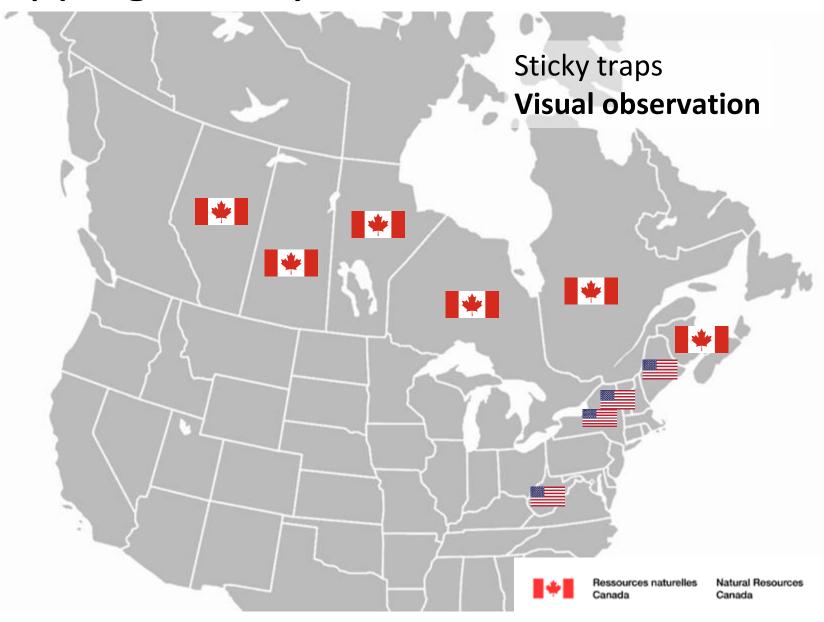


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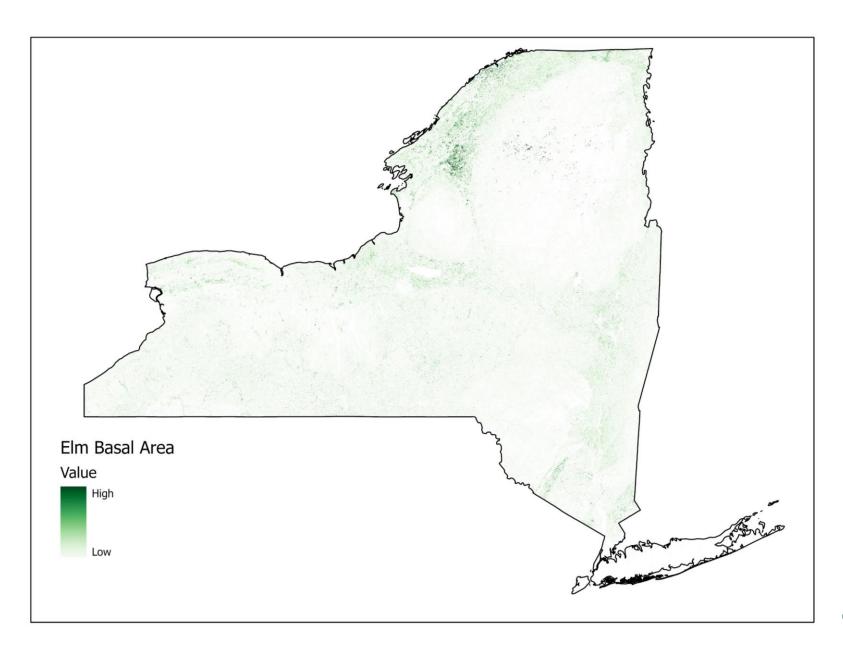




Elm Zigzag Sawfly in New York

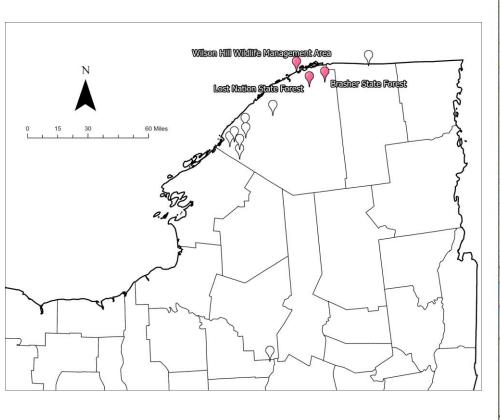
Jessica Cancelliere, Research Scientist

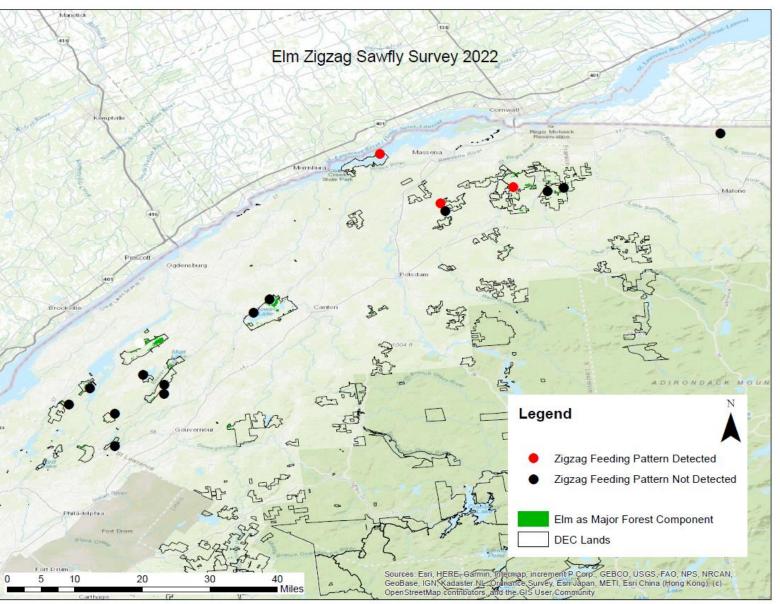






Survey July-August 2022





Official confirmation – September 2022

For Release: Monday, September 26, 2022

DEC Finds New Exotic Pest Affecting Elm Trees in St. Lawrence County Surveys Underway to Determine Extent of Insect Populations and Potential Impact to Native Elms

The New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (DEC) today announced that the elm zigzag sawfly (Aproceros leucopoda) was detected for the first time in New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (DEC) today announced that the elm zigzag sawfly (Aproceros leucopoda) was detected for the first time in New York State Porest, and Lost Nation State Forest. This exotic pest feeds exclusively on elm severe defoliation, branch dieback, and crown thinning. Although the sawfly has not yet been shown to cause tree mortality, repeated defoliation by established sawfly population stress on native elm trees already heavily impacted by Dutch elm disease.







Threat

- Dispersal
- Potential to cause severe defoliation
- Outcompetes native species in Europe
- Dutch elm interactions



Kelly Oten, North Carolina



North Carolina Forest Service



Elm Identification-Leaves

- Doubly serrate
- Offset base with pubescence underneath
- Pinnate venation





 ${\bf Gobotany.} native plant trust.org$



Elm Identification-Form & Bark

- Vase-shaped, large buttresses
- Dark gray bark with flat braided ridges





Early Detection Volunteer Opportunity

Scan to Volunteer







Where to Look:

- Public Trails Nearby Known EZZ-Sawfly Presence with Elm Trees
 - Wilson Hill WMA*
 - Brasher Falls State Forest*
 - St. Lawrence Park/Lost Nation SF*
 - Grantville State Forest
- Urban Street Trees/Parks (email <u>megan.Pistolese@tnc.org</u> and Robert.l.smith@tnc.org)

Questions?

Megan Pistolese-Shaw SLELO PRISM Megan.Pistolese@tnc.org Thomas Allgaier
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"Teaming Up To Stop The Spread of Invasive Species"